

Breaking Science Silos

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Objectives

- Explore integrative models as they relate to content and skill standards
- Reflect on how to engage students in real-world applications of scientific concepts
- Identify and adapt integrative techniques to individual curricula and classroom environments

Integrative learning experiences are those which forge meaningful connections of concepts, constructs, and principles within and across academic subjects and real-world situations.



Instrumental vs. Relational Understanding

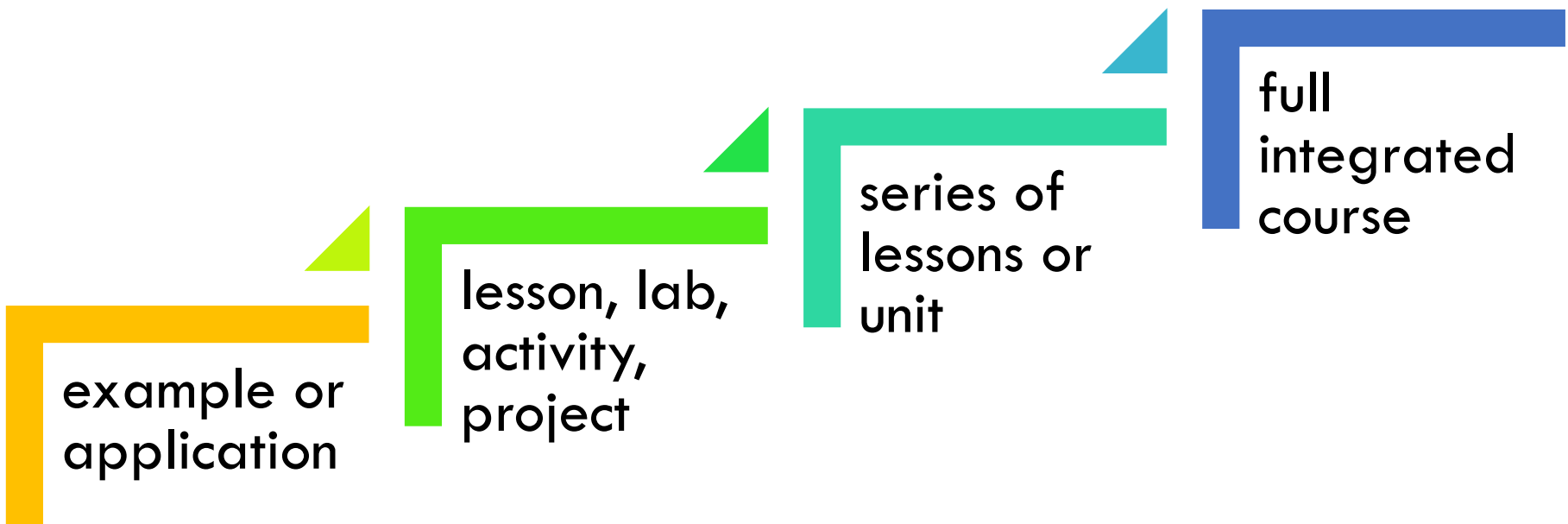
The slide features a dark blue background with a large white oval in the center. Two curved, light blue decorative bands are positioned above and below the white oval. The text "Card Sort Activity" is centered within the white oval in a bold, dark blue font.

Card Sort Activity

Why Integrative?

- Single lens approaches can limit students from making connections
- Integrative learning experiences help increase understanding, retention, and application of concepts as well as critical thinking and problem solving skills
- So how do we build it in?

Tiers of Integrative Learning



Some Integrative Topics

Properties of Matter, Gases, Density	Lungs and respiration, altitude cooking, flight
Properties of Waves	Soundwaves: music & mood and soundtrack choices
Properties of Water	Water safety, marine health
Kinetic energy, phase changes, heat transfer	Road salt & environmental impact
Hydrophobic and hydrophilic interactions	Efficacy of different cleaners on various dyes, stains
Engineering design	Biomimicry - wing shape, swimsuit material, waterproofing...

**Use current events, case studies,
news to integrate content**

“when are we ever going to use this?”

Baby oysters can't build healthy shells in Washington's acidified waters

Oysters are one of the iconic foods of the Pacific Northwest. But their survival is under serious threat thanks to ocean acidification, sometimes called the “evil twin” of climate change.

Local shellfish growers are seeing the devastating impacts on oysters and other shellfish.

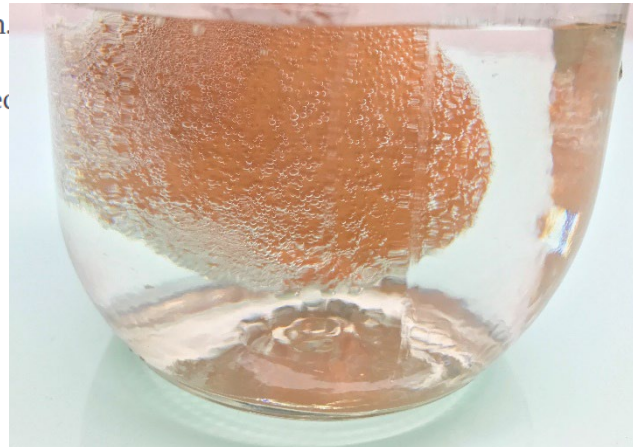
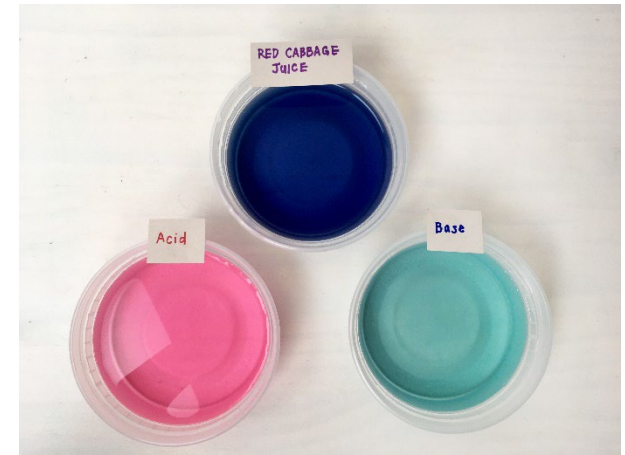
Since 1989, the hatchery at Taylor Shellfish has grown billions and billions of oyster larvae. Like any other farm, it's had its share of failures — times when large numbers of oysters would die for an unknown reason. But things usually bounced back.

Then, in the 2007-2008 season, those failures became the norm.

“We didn't have any oyster larvae,” recalled Bill Dewey, the company's director of public affairs. “Our production was down by about 75 percent.”

Soon, they learned that other growers on the West Coast were having the same problem. Dewey said they knew something serious was going on.

“We had an oyster seed crisis. There was no seed in the 2008-2009 time frame,” he said.



Structure integrative lesson as an inquiry or problem centered learning experience

Students make observations, gather data/evidence, make sense of and apply knowledge to new situation

300 K

Pressure

5.6 atm

Hold Constant

- Nothing
- Volume (V)
- Temperature (T)
- Pressure \uparrow V
- Pressure \downarrow T

Width \leftarrow \rightarrow

Stopwatch

Collision Counter

Particles

- Heavy
- Light

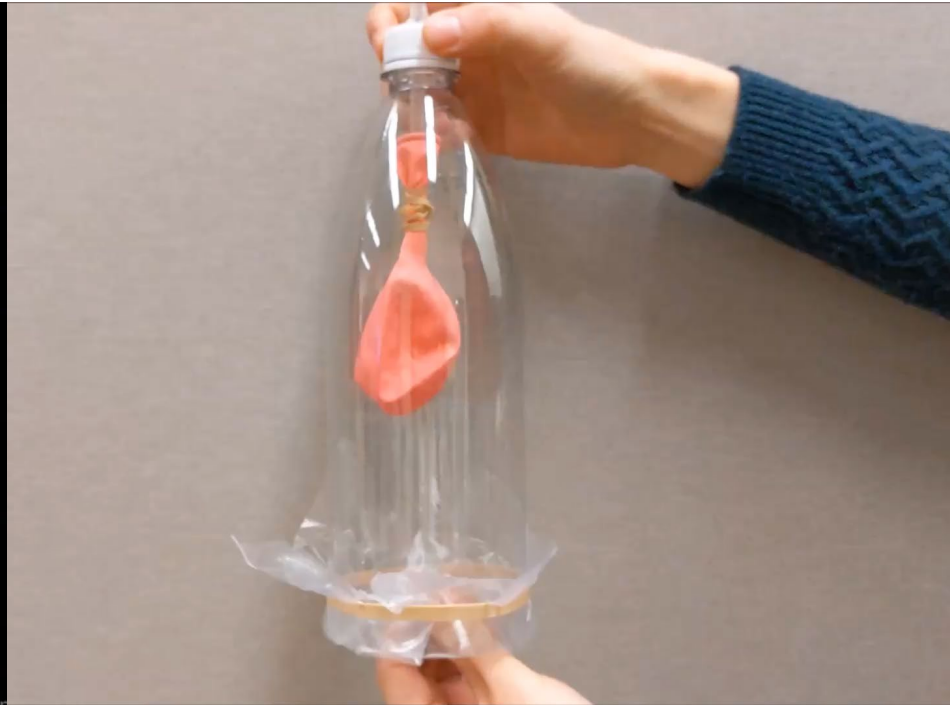
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Heat

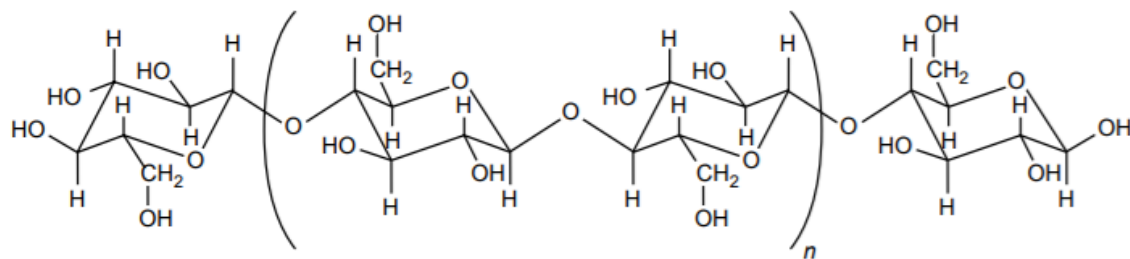
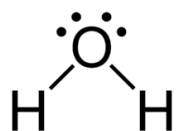
Cool

Activate Win



Connect the familiar with the abstract

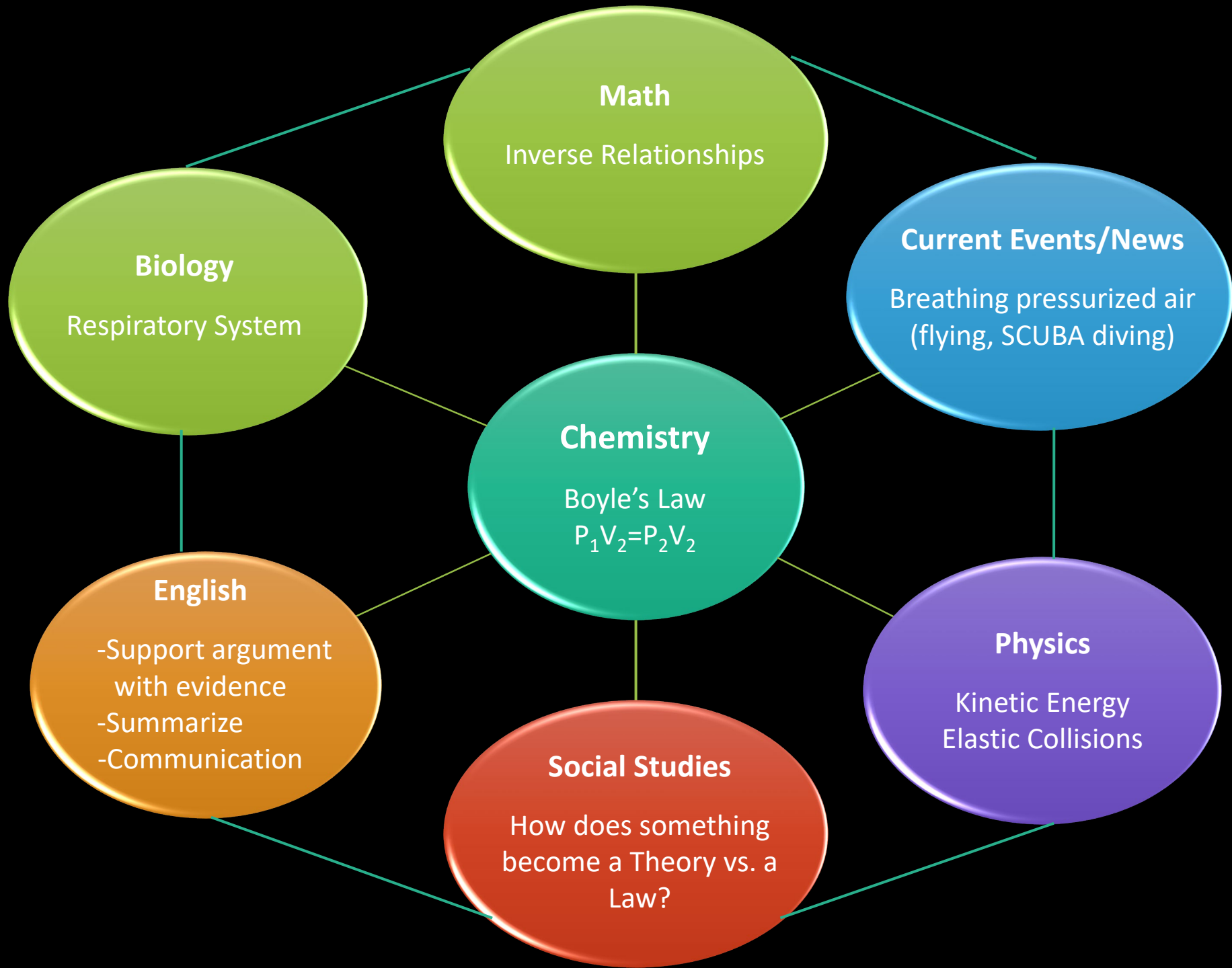
Explore science concepts with safe and accessible materials. Scaffold focus questions as appropriate.



cellulose

Create a topic wheel to visualize interdisciplinary connections

Use to help plan individual lesson or collaborative unit



1

PLANNING AND PREPARATION

- 1a Demonstrating Knowledge of Content and Pedagogy
- 1b Demonstrating Knowledge of Students
- 1c Setting Instructional Outcomes
- 1d Demonstrating Knowledge of Resources
- 1e Designing Coherent Instruction
- 1f Designing Student Assessments

- 4a Reflecting on Teaching
- 4b Maintaining Accurate Records
- 4c Communicating with Families
- 4d Participating in a Professional Community
- 4e Growing and Developing Professionally
- 4f Showing Professionalism

PROFESSIONAL RESPONSIBILITIES

4

2

CLASSROOM ENVIRONMENT

- 2a Creating an Environment of Respect and Rapport
- 2b Establishing a Culture for Learning
- 2c Managing Classroom Procedures
- 2d Managing Student Behavior
- 2e Organizing Physical Space

- 3a Communicating with Students
- 3b Using Questioning and Discussion Techniques
- 3c Engaging Students in Learning
- 3d Using Assessment in Instruction
- 3e Demonstrating Flexibility and Responsiveness

INSTRUCTION

3

Final Thoughts

- Start by making small changes to what you already do
- Time does **not** need to be split equally between each discipline
- Integrative and inquiry-based activities are still structured and follow a guided procedure
- There is still value in instrumental understanding
 - Need to memorize certain concepts before you can apply it

***“What does _____
have to do with _____?”***